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SORNA Webinar

How to Conduct Community Notification Meetings on Registered Sex Offenders

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Indian Country SORNA Training and Technical Assistance Program

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Today's Panelists

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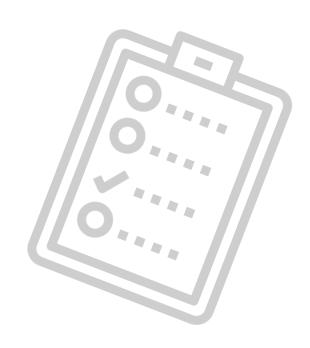
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Agenda

Community notification

- Overview
- Sex offender registry public websites
- How to conduct a community meeting
- Panel discussion of best practices
- Question and answer



Community Notification



What Is Community Notification?

- Process of sharing sex offender information with the community
- Each community notification is an opportunity to educate the public about a specific offender and your registration system and sex offenders in general
- Notifications include—
 - Website alerts
 - Business notifications
 - Child-serving agency notifications
 - Written materials and website information
 - Community meetings



Sex Offender Registry Public Websites

- Each state, SORNA tribe, principal territory and the District of Columbia has a public sex offender registry website.
- National Sex Offender Public Website, NSOPW.gov
 - The only U.S. government website that links public state, territorial and tribal sex offender registries in one national search site.
 - Provides the information each jurisdiction posts publicly on its website.



National Sex Offender Public Website



Sex Offender Registry Public Websites

- The information posted on each jurisdiction's site is governed by its sex offender registration laws.
- SORNA also has requirements regarding what information can and should be posted.
- Some jurisdictions post more or less information than others.
- Common variations (all acceptable under SORNA):
 - Not posting tier offenders
 - Not posting juvenile offenders
 - Posting additional types of offenders on the site

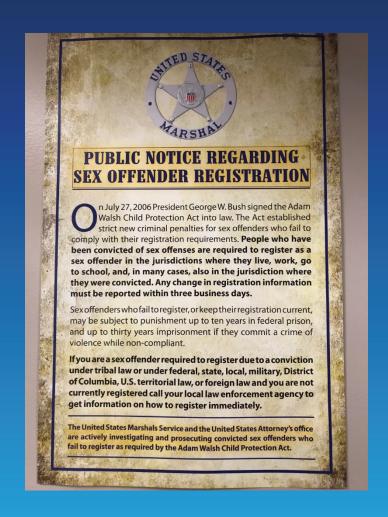


How Community Notification Works



- Convicted sex offenders are required to immediately notify registration officials about where they live, work and go to school.
- Registration officials take the information received and post it to the jurisdiction's public registry website.
- Next, an email notification is sent to subscribers in the location where the offender will live, work or go to school, which includes identifying information about the offender.
- Communities in some jurisdictions can request in-person meetings to deliver notifications.

Community Notification Meetings



Community Notification Meetings: Purpose

- Provide information to the community about specific registered sex offenders and sex offending generally
- Build awareness of who have been convicted of serious sex offenses and who may pose a threat to community safety
- Inform community members about ways to address concerns and report suspicious behavior
- Community notification meetings are optional for jurisdictions, but not required



Community Notification During COVID-19

- To support tribal social distancing needs, alternatives to face-to-face community meetings can be considered:
 - Use of web-based meeting platforms
 - Media presentations (e.g., radio or local access television)
 - Social media
 - Tribal public registry website and NSOPW.gov



Community Notification Meetings: Benefits

- Provide a forum to educate community members about sex offenders and sexual offending
- Provide resources for concerned community members and information on how to safeguard family members
- Notify businesses and child-serving organizations of the offenders in the community
- Assist law enforcement, probation, parole and registry staff through better tips and calls
- Create a sense of community accountability in the offender's success
- Help to dispel common sex offender myths



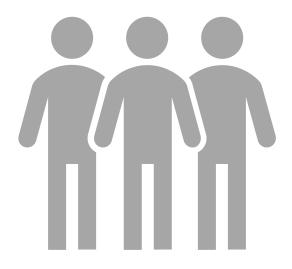
Meeting Topic: Dispelling Common Myths

- Sex offenders will never come back to the community
- All people who have committed sexual harm are on the registry
- People on the registry are there for lesser offenses
- Every sex offender is a threat
- Registration will completely prevent a sex offender from reoffending
- Nothing can prevent a sex offender from reoffending



Considerations for Community Notification on Juveniles

- Tribal policy for registering and notifying on juveniles
- Provide resources on registered juveniles
- Encourage tribal community support for juvenile reintegration



Community Notification Meetings: How to Conduct Them?



Meeting Planning Logistics: Location, Date & Time

- Secure an adequate facility for your audience size: school auditorium, community hall, church, etc.
- Set meeting time: 7 p.m. Tuesday through Thursday is best
- Verify facility will be set up in advance: chairs, head table, audio-visual equipment, handout table(s)
- Verify presenters will be able to attend and ready to present
- For tribes where community meetings are not currently allowed, determine if there are technological alternatives



Meeting Planning Logistics: Advertise



- Community newspaper
- Local radio
- Social media
- Attend other tribal community events
- Meeting notice sent home from school
- PTA/parent newsletters

Meeting Planning Logistics: Other Considerations

- Prepare sufficient handouts: too many is better than not enough (or provide an emailed version for online meetings)
- Have child care available
- Index cards for questions
- Sound system
- Onsite counselor and making referrals
- Others?

Meeting Implementation: Multidisciplinary Team

- Identify multidisciplinary team members
- Have a planning session
- Foster equal participation during the meeting
 - Law enforcement gives introductions, discusses safety issues and facilitates questions at end
 - Prosecutor covers "general" legal issues
 - Therapist covers recidivism and general sex offender behavioral issues
 - Department of Corrections covers supervision
 - Social worker/victim advocate covers victimization issues



Meeting Implementation: Best Practice Tips

- Make sure all participants know what each participant is going to talk about and how much time they have to speak
 - Should be discussed and practiced beforehand
 - When possible, have the same participants for each meeting
- Avoid contradicting each other in front of the community
- Seat panel in front of audience
- Use PowerPoint to present information



Meeting To-Do List

- Arrive one hour early (or sign in early for online meetings)
- Verify room arrangement and audio-visual equipment; if virtual, ensure technology platform is working
- Display photo montage (poster or PowerPoint)
- Start the meeting on time



The Meeting Blueprint

- Introductions, including presenters' qualifications
- History of law: tribal, state, federal
- Discuss who is a sex offender and what offenses require registration
- Extent of sex offender population
- Need for stability
- Discuss offender's conditions of supervision

- Discuss offender's circumstances (criminal history, treatment received, rehabilitation experiences, living situation, etc.)
- Discuss residence restrictions, if relevant
- Discuss what citizens can do to protect themselves
- Resources
- Questions



Panel Discussion



Panel Discussion: Best Practices

- How has your community reacted to community notification?
- Do you prefer offender specific or offender general notification?
- What has worked well for you?
- What are some lessons learned?
- How have registrants and victims/survivors reacted to community notification?
- What is your tribe's policy on notification about juvenile offenders?



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